In any emergency, phone Security on the UNSW emergency No:

93856666 (Externally) 56666 (Internally)

When the call is answered, describe;
- The location of the emergency (building and room number)
- The type of emergency
- Your name and contact number

UNSW Work Health and Safety Home:  [https://safety.unsw.edu.au/](https://safety.unsw.edu.au/)

School of Optometry and Vision Science:  [https://www.optometry.unsw.edu.au/](https://www.optometry.unsw.edu.au/)
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13. COVID SAFE PROCEDURES
1. Introduction:

The School of Optometry and Vision Science (SOVS) and The University of New South Wales (UNSW) are committed to complying with the requirements of the Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 and the Occupational Health and Safety (HS) Regulation 2001. To this end, this booklet has been prepared to provide advice to staff, students and visitors about the School's policies, programs and procedures regarding safety, health and environment. This booklet draws heavily on the HS materials of the School of Safety Science and the materials are used with permission. The School of Optometry and Vision Science acknowledges the extensive and valuable assistance of the School of Safety Science and A/Prof Chris Winder, Head of School.

2. Safety in the School of Optometry and Vision Science:

In keeping with UNSW structures, the SOVS is located in the Faculty of Science with a Head of School as its manager. The Head of School (HoS) is responsible for providing and maintaining a safe working environment in the SOVS, allocation of resources, and developing and maintaining a safe system of work. The School has a Head of School’s Advisory Committee (HoSAC) to develop policy and provide advice to the HoS on management issues. The SOVS HS Committee provides advice to the HoS on HS issues, reviews risk assessments, and develops policies related to OHS in the SOVS. Finally, Space Managers are responsible for day-to-day management of School areas.

2.1. HS Management System

The SOVS uses the UNSW HSMS (Health & Safety Management System). This includes policy, procedures and guidelines and can be viewed at the website: https://safety.unsw.edu.au/sites/default/files/documents/HS718_Guide_to_UNSW_HS-management_system.pdf

The School is implementing the UNSW OHSMS. SOVS “space managers” and HS representatives assist staff, students and visitors in complying with the UNSW HSMS.

2.2. Space Managers

The day to day management of SOVS HS activities is co-ordinated through “Space Managers”. The current Space Managers are:

**Rupert Myers, North Wing:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 1:</th>
<th>Clinic</th>
<th>Kath Watt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 2:</td>
<td>General Areas</td>
<td>Dale W. Larden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pre-Clinical Lab</td>
<td>Dale W. Larden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ROK Group</td>
<td>Pauline Kang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3:</td>
<td>Western Wing</td>
<td>Nicola Kapo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Northern Wing</td>
<td>Nicola Kapo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eastern Wing</td>
<td>Ajay Vijay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Old Main Building – SOVS Areas:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HDR Space (LG21)</th>
<th>Dale. W. Larden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ORLAB (LG22)</td>
<td>Brian Cheng</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any HS or other issues related to these spaces should be referred to the relevant Space Manager.
2.3. **HS Committee**

The SOVS HS Committee has representatives from the following departmental areas:

**Nominated Members:**

- **Head of School:** Prof. Lisa Keay
  - l.keay@unsw.edu.au

- **Chair - Document Control Officer:** Dale W. Larden
  - d.larden@unsw.edu.au

**Elected Representatives:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level, Location</th>
<th>Representative(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Level 1, Rupert Myers, North (Optometry Clinic) | Kath Watt
  - kathleen.watt@unsw.edu.au
  - Tracy Kane
  - t.kane@unsw.edu.au |
| Level 2, Rupert Myers, North | Dale W. Larden
  - d.larden@unsw.edu.au
  - Paul Zytnik
  - paul.zytnik@unsw.edu.au |
| Level 3, Rupert Myers, West | Nicola Kapo
  - n.kapo@unsw.edu.au |
| Level 3, Rupert Myers, East | Ajay Kumar Vijay
  - v.ajaykumar@unsw.edu.au |
| ORLAB, Old Main Building | Brian Cheng
  - bbcheng@unsw.edu.au |

**Post-Graduate Students:**

- **Current Post-Grad Representative:** Fatima Iqbal
  - fatima.iqbal@unsw.edu.au
  - Sue Kweon
  - s.kweon@unsw.edu.au

**Undergraduate Students:**

- **Current Student President:** Karuna Darvesh
  - karuna.darvesh@student.unsw.edu.au

You may report any HS issues to your representative or any committee member.
3. HS - Duty of Care

By law, UNSW must provide a working environment that is safe and without unreasonable risks to health for students, visitors and staff. These obligations are known as a duty of care. Students, staff and visitors also have a duty of care while at the University.

In the context of this section of the Act, the obligations of students are considered to be the same as employees.

**Duties of Workers** *(Section 28 – Work Health and Safety Act 2011 No 10)*

While at work, a worker must:

(a) take reasonable care for his or her own health and safety, and

(b) take reasonable care that his or her acts or omissions do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons, and

(c) comply, so far as the worker is reasonably able, with any reasonable instruction that is given by the person conducting the business or undertaking to allow the person to comply with this Act, and

(d) co-operate with any reasonable policy or procedure of the person conducting the business or undertaking relating to health or safety at the workplace that has been notified to workers.

Refer Also:

**SafeWork NSW Website:**

http://www.safework.nsw.gov.au

**Work Health and Safety Act 2011:**


**Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011:**

General Safety requirements in the School of Optometry and Vision Science

The School believes that accidents are preventable, and that safety, health and environmental performance can always be improved. The following points provide a general framework about general safe behaviour that is consistent with the UNSW HS Policy:

▪ All staff, students and visitors have a duty of care to ensure their own health and safety.
▪ All staff, students and visitors must act in accordance with all general safety directions and all specific safety rules in areas of high risk (for example, laboratories).
▪ Behaviour that endangers the health and safety of others is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.
▪ Behaviour that endangers the environment is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.
▪ Racial or sexual discrimination is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.
▪ UNSW is a no smoking employer.
▪ The School does not permit the use of illegal drugs or allow intoxicated persons on site.
▪ Workplace hazards and risks are identifiable and therefore risks can be eliminated or controlled.
▪ All activities that use School facilities or resources and for which a potential risk exists must be assessed using the UNSW Risk Assessment system, introduced at Section 4.1.
▪ The use of all hazardous substances must be reviewed prior to use. This must include at least a review of the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the chemical (see section 5.3).
▪ Where a risk cannot be eliminated, it must be controlled in accordance with Clause 5 of the NSW HS Regulation 2001 using the hierarchy of controls (introduced at Section 4.2).
▪ Where a risk can only be rendered safe through the use of controls, these must be specified and used. Selection of control must be made using the hierarchy of controls (introduced at Section 5.1).
▪ Where they exist, Safe Working Procedures must be followed (introduced at Section 5.2).
▪ No person should operate any plant or equipment until they have been trained in its safe use, and until they have been assessed as competent in its use.
▪ All facilities, plant, equipment, materials (and the like) should be maintained to a satisfactory standard.
▪ No hazardous substance should be used without reference to the material safety data sheet (introduced at Section 5.3).
▪ If personal protective equipment (PPE) is required to be used as a risk control, it must be used properly and in all specified situations (introduced at Section 5.4). Such PPE must comply with relevant Australian Standards. Ask your supervisor if you are unsure about whether PPE is necessary for any particular task that you undertake.
▪ No eating or drinking in areas where risks exist.
▪ In any emergency, please follow directions given by Staff (see Section 6).
▪ Accidents or unsafe acts should be reported to Supervisors or Space Managers as soon as possible.

School of Optometry and Vision Science
HS Induction Booklet 2022
Document ID: OWHS-009-015
Uncontrolled Document When Printed
4. Risk Management and Risk Assessment

Risk management means the systems, processes, procedures and standards that are used to minimise the occurrence of incidents and accidents, including injuries to people, damage to equipment and to buildings as well as “near hits.”

4.1 **UNSW Risk Assessment**

From July 2003, all prospective activities conducted by staff or students that use SOVS facilities and resources and that have a risk associated with them are required to have a risk assessment conducted for them. Risk Assessment conducted in the SOVS will be in accordance with the UNSW Risk Management Procedure (HS329)

Refer: [https://www.gs.unsw.edu.au/policy/documents/HS329.pdf](https://www.gs.unsw.edu.au/policy/documents/HS329.pdf)

Risk assessments conducted using this system includes a number of steps: background information, identification of hazards, possible risks, risk reduction and control, assessment of risks, elimination or control of the risks, verification and supervisor approval. The SOVS and associated research labs have risk registers. You should consult the relevant register or your supervisor to be informed of potential hazards and risks associated with your job.

4.2 **SafeSys**

UNSW Risk Assessments and Safe Work Procedures are now incorporated into an online database called SafeSys:

[https://safesys.unsw.edu.au](https://safesys.unsw.edu.au)

SafeSys is accessible to all staff and students via secure login with zID
5. Risk Mitigation

5.1 General Principles of Risk Control

The Hierarchy of Controls – In order of Preference

- **Elimination**: If at all possible, the risk should be eliminated. Where elimination is not possible, the risk should be controlled using means that are commensurate with the risk. Options for control and their order of priority include:
  - **Substitution**: For example, replacement of materials with less hazardous materials, or reorganisation of tasks or processes to make them less risky.
  - **Isolation**: This is where hazards or risks are located away from everyday activities. Isolation may be by location (carrying out the activity at an isolated area) or by time (carrying out the risk activity at a time when few people are around).
  - **Engineering controls**: These are controls that rely on plant or equipment (such as machine guards, fume cupboards or bio-safety cabinets) to control risk. Further, engineering controls must be kept in good working order; any problems should be promptly reported to the Supervisor or Space Manager.
  - **Administrative controls**: These are controls that rely on safe systems of work to minimise risk. Examples include general procedures, such as hazard information, competency training and adequate supervision; or specific safe work procedures (SWM, tag and lock out procedures, job rotation and the like).
  - **Personal protective equipment**: These include helmets, safety glasses, respirators and masks, ear muffs, impervious gloves, aprons, safety boots and harnesses for fall protection.

Thus the first option is to eliminate the risk if possible. If not, then substitution, then isolation and so on.

Where a risk assessment specifies that a control, such as isolation, engineering control, SWP or PPE is recommended, it must be used, and must be used properly.

5.2 Safe Work Procedures

Safe work procedures are administrative controls in the form of written procedures that are designed to minimise risks when using equipment or undertaking a process or task and should always be followed. The procedures normally include general information, specific information and instructions on how to carry out the task or process. Guidelines for writing safe work procedures are available on the UNSW HS website.

For example, a safe working procedure might contain:

- A description of the hazards associated with the use of the equipment, process or task;
- The precautions to be taken before the equipment is used or the task undertaken. This includes: any actions and observations necessary to ensure the work area is safe; check that the equipment is in good order; the materials to be used; and the steps to prepare the equipment for use;
- Steps to be followed when using the equipment or undertaking the task;
- A list of the required controls (especially PPE) to be used;
- Steps to be followed when the task is completed to make the equipment and area safe for others.

UNSW Safe Work Procedures are now incorporated into an online database called SafeSys:

https://safesys.unsw.edu.au

SafeSys is accessible to all staff and students via secure login with zID
5.3. **Material Safety Data Sheets - ChemAlert**

The Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) should contain information on the properties and hazards of a hazardous substance, and on how exposure to such hazards can be minimised in normal use, or in emergency situations. MSDS must be accessible to staff and students at all times, and must be kept in the Hazardous Substances Register.

MSDS locations include.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old Main Building:</th>
<th>ORLAB (Level LG) — (Adjacent to SOVS Computer Lab)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PC1/PC2 Labs:</td>
<td>RMB; Level 3; 3.068</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CHEMALERT:**

MSDS information is also available through ChemAlert

https://safety.unsw.edu.au/chemalert-0

5.4. **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

- PPE is designed to protect the person wearing or using the equipment from a particular hazard;
- PPE must be properly fitted and used. Staff and students should be expected to be asked to demonstrate correct use of PPE;
- PPE must be in good condition and properly maintained. It must be replaced if defective;
- When a sign or notice is displayed directing the use of PPE within an area, then anyone entering the area must use or wear that PPE;
- When a sign or notice is displayed directing the use of PPE when operating equipment, then anyone operating or using the equipment must wear the PPE;
- All selected PPE must comply with relevant Australian or equivalent standards.
6. Emergencies and Incidents

The School of Optometry and Vision Science is located in Sector 5 of the UNSW Emergency Sectors. For the Rupert Myers Building and the SOVS areas of Old Main Building there exists a Chief Warden and a warden for each specific floor or area of the building.

**Wardens are as follows:**

**Rupert Myers Building**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief Warden –</td>
<td>Dale W. Larden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy Chief Wardens –</td>
<td>Collina Waddell, Natalie Xylas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 1 Floor Wardens –</td>
<td>Jasmine Larden, Kathleen Watt, Lily Ho, Alyssa Collet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2 Floor Warden –</td>
<td>Dale W. Larden, Paul Zytnik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3 Floor Warden –</td>
<td>Nicola Kapo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Old Main Building (SOVS areas)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief Warden</td>
<td>Ms Sue Hagon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DURING AN BUILDING EVACUATION YOU MUST FOLLOW ALL DIRECTIONS GIVEN BY THE FLOOR WARDEN AND CHIEF WARDEN**

### 6.1 Basic Emergency procedures

Basic procedures in an emergency are: Inform (as a minimum, people in the immediate vicinity), Confine (if possible, and without unnecessary risks), Evacuate (if necessary), Call for assistance (see front of this booklet for information on contacting UNSW Security).

### 6.2 Evacuations

The Rupert Myers Building has an automatic integrated alarm and evacuation system. Follow any directives given by the Chief Warden over the intercom system, or from the floor warden for that area.
6.3. **Evacuation Assembly Area**

The Evacuation Assembly Area for the Rupert Myers Building is **Physics Lawn** (See Below). It is located on the grassed area in front of the Old Main Building and west of the paved area at the end of the Rupert Myers Building.

![Map of Rupert Myers Building](image)

6.4. **Specific Emergency procedures**

**Fire**

If safe to do so, and you have the necessary skills try to extinguish the fire with the appropriate extinguisher. However, it is imperative that you do not take any unnecessary risks.

Move all other persons away from immediate danger.

*Break Glass Alarm*: On each level, adjacent to the fire stair entrance a small red glass panel is located on the wall. They are usually immediately adjacent to the Red WIP Phones. In cases of fire this alarm can be triggered by breaking the glass with anything solid.

These alarms will activate the Emergency Evacuation Procedures and will automatically call the local fire brigade. They must only be used in an actual emergency.

**Spills**

If safe to do so, and you have the necessary skills, try to contain the spill. However, it is imperative that you do not take any unnecessary risks.

Secure the area of the spill, evacuate any other person from the area. Contact the floor warden for that area.
First Aid

The School First Aid Officers are as follows:

Rupert Myers Building:

Level 1
Tracy Kane
Jasmine Larden
Alyssa Collet

Level 2
Dale W. Larden
Paul Zytnik

Level 3
Michelle Wanandy

MENTAL HEALTH FIRST RESPONDERS:

Maria Markoulli (m.markoulli@unsw.edu.au)
Dale Larden (d.larden@unsw.edu.au)
Katariina Pakarinen (k.pakarinen@unsw.edu.au)

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT FIRST RESPONDERS:

Ajay Vijay (v.ajaykumar@unsw.edu.au)

First Aid boxes are locations are as follows:

Rupert Myers Building:

Level 1
Clinic Reception

Level 2
Preclinical Laboratory (2.009)
AOP Seminar Room (2.030)

Level 3
School Office (3.003)
L3 East Lunch Room (3.047)
L3 East PC2 Lab (3.071)
L3 East Dispensing Lab (3.049)

Old Main Building:

Computer Lab: OrLab Office Lab Office (OMB-G22)
**Automatic External Defibrillator (AED):**

*There are 3 AED Units located within the Rupert Myers Building*

A unit can be found on Level 1 at the start of the corridor leading to the clinic consultation rooms.

AED’s can also be found on the wall to the right when facing main entrance to Rupert Myers North Wing and inside the entrance to CFEH South Wing.

Remove the unit from the wall, switch on and follow the audible instructions.

No Specific training is required to use this unit.

6.5 **Incident Reporting**

All incidents should be reported online via:

myUNSW: [https://my.unsw.edu.au](https://my.unsw.edu.au)

*My Staff Profile\My Profile\Health Safety & Environment\Report a Hazard/Incident*

Incidents should also be reported to your supervisor, year representative, and/or floor warden.

6.6 **Location of Fire Exits and Fire Suppression Systems**

**FIRE EXITS – all are marked with green exit signs**

3rd Floor:
- Near lifts (to the right as you face the lifts)
- Between dispensing lab and main office

2nd Floor:
- Near lifts (to the right as you face the lifts)
- At far end of hall (furthest from the lifts) near ROK Group

Ground Floor:
- At end of long hallway, past clinic rooms – glass door
- To the right of the lifts

**NB:** The glass door exit of the building IS NOT a fire exit and should not be used routinely during evacuations unless the other exits are blocked or congested.
FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS – EMERGENCY EXITS

Level 1 - Clinic
7. Employee Assistance Program

The Employee Assistance Program is available to all full-time and part-time staff.

Your Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is a professional, confidential coaching service for employees and their immediate family members, paid for by your employer. It is free for you and your family.

The EAP exists to help with any personal or work-related issues including:

- Conflict and tension
- Pressure and stress
- Alcohol and drug problems
- Child and family problems
- Work pressure/problems
- Emotional stress
- Separation/divorce
- Relationship difficulties
- Personal trauma
- Grief and bereavement
- Health and lifestyle issues
- Gambling and addictions
- Financial/legal referrals
- Anxiety and depression
- Work-family issues

To contact the EAP:

Call Benestar:

1300 360 364

For More Information:

https://www.wellbeing.unsw.edu.au/eap-benestar

8. Student Assistance Programs

Information relating to UNSW Student Assistance Programs is available via the following link:

https://www.unsw.edu.au/student-assistance-programs
9. Miscellaneous HS Information

9.1. Medical Problems

The University has a Health Service located in the Quadrangle Building. The Health Service can be contacted on 9385 5425.

9.2. Learning Difficulties

If you have any Learning Problems contact the Learning Centre on 9385 3890.

9.3. Inappropriate Use of School Resources

Attention is drawn to the University's expectations in relation to appropriate conduct. This includes the requirement that UNSW facilities are not to be used for the deliberate or negligent preparing, storing, transmitting or displaying of racist, pornographic or other offensive material. These requirements are outlined in policies such as UNSW Rules Relating to Student Use of Computing and Electronic Communications Facilities.

10. HS Training

Specific Workplace Safety Training is available for staff and students at UNSW

Enrol in training via myUNSW:

https://my.unsw.edu.au

My Staff Profile\My Profile\Learning and Development\Request Training Enrolment

Search by: Course Type
11. Site Specific Workplace Hazards

Each workplace has some specific hazards. Some which can be found with the School of Optometry and Vision Science include:

11.1. *Instant Hot Water Dispensers*

Located above the sinks in Staff and student common rooms throughout the building are instant Hot water dispensers.

**CAUTION:** THESE HOT WATER DISPENSERS PROVIDE INSTANT AND BOILING HOT WATER AT CLOSE TO 100°C. THIS WATER WILL BURN EXPOSED SKIN ON CONTACT.

Use extreme caution when using these hot water units. Hold all cups firmly underneath the tap. Concentrate on the task at hand when pouring hot water. Keep your eyes on your cup or bowl at all times to prevent overfilling.

**If burnt whilst using the Instant Hot Water Dispenser:**

- Hold the affected part of your body under cold running water for at least 10 minutes.
- Contact your closest First-aid officer and seek medical attention as soon as possible, if required.
- Report the incident on-line as soon as practicable *(See Section 6.5)*.

11.2. *Major Incidents and Injuries*

All injuries and incidents requiring the calling of an ambulance should be co-ordinated through security. Security will then call an ambulance and arrange for the ambulance to be met and directed to the appropriate location.

Phone Security on:

**INTERNALLY:** Extension: 56666

**EXTERNALLY:** Phone: 9385 6666

*Injuries specific to the eye* should be referred immediately to the School of Optometry and Vision Science Optometry Clinic on Level 1.

After hours, the emergency red eye service can be contacted on:

**EXTERNALLY:** Phone: 0449665812
11.3. Disaster Recovery and Electrical Failures

Should power be lost to the building for periods greater than 10 minutes:
The building should be evacuated via the nearest fire escape.

1. Prior to evacuation:
   - Ensure your workstation is secured.
   - Ensure your work colleagues have also commenced evacuation.
   - If save to do so, ensure no persons are trapped in lift – if so call security immediately.
   - Ensure any freezers or fridges are shut and remain shut.

2. During evacuation:
   - Remain calm
   - Evacuate via the nearest fire-exit.
   - Follow any and all instructions as provided by the Floor Wardens
   - Follow any and all instructions made over the PA system
   - Follow any and all instructions as provided by UNSW security.

3. Post evacuation and Recovery:
   - Do not attempt to re-enter the building without the specific approval of UNSW security.
   - Persons requiring specific entry to check on critical equipment and infrastructure will require a security escort
   - Once power restored and entry permitted – check on critical equipment and infrastructure, specific to your workplace, such as fridges and freezers
12. UNSW Resources

12.1. Security

For all emergencies and for emergency assistance, contact UNSW Security on:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>93856666 (Externally) 56666 (Internally)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When the call is answered describe:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▪ the location of the emergency (Building, Room or Laboratory Number)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▪ the type of emergency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▪ your name and phone number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2. HS Websites

The UNSW HS website is a useful resource contains information on many of the safety issues that may affect staff and students (for example; HS, bio-safety, chemicals, radiation, dangerous goods). Relevant web pages include:

UNSW HS Site:
https://safety.unsw.edu.au/

UNSW HS – Procedures and Forms:
https://safety.unsw.edu.au/documents-resources

UNSW HS Policy:

UNSW HS Policy Statement:

12.3. Staying Safe on Campus

General information related to staying safe on campus is available within the following link:


All staff, students and visiting scholars and contractors are encouraged to complete the online Major Incident & Business Continuity Awareness Course:


All staff, students and visiting scholars and contractors are encouraged to register and update their mobile phone number within myUNSW – in order to receive relevant and timely announcements regarding current emergencies and incidents……Also, to download the free STAYSAFE at UNSW APP:

https://www.estate.unsw.edu.au/security/staysafeunsw-app
13. COVID SAFE PROCEDURES

As of publication COVID remains a serious public health issue.

This COVID situation remains highly fluid and protocols require regular adjustment based on prevailing community transmission rates.

The latest COVID 19 information is available from NSW government:


General COVID Safe procedures include:

- Maintain good hand hygiene – use hand sanitizer regularly.
- Maintain an effective social distance at all times (1.5m Distance)
- Wear a L2/L3 surgical or KN95 whenever possible, particularly when an effective social distance cannot be maintained.
- Use QR code check in where available
- Please stay home and follow the latest NSW government guidelines on testing and isolation if you display any the following symptoms
  - Fever
  - Dry Cough
  - Runny Nose
  - Tiredness – Muscle Aches and Pains
  - Sore Throat
  - Unexplained Diarrhoea
  - Shortness of Breath
  - Loss of Taste and/or Smell